

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issuing Date 16-May-2014

Revision Date 19-Nov-2014

Revision Number 1

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

GHS product identifier	
Product Name	Dykem Remover and Prep Aerosol
Other means of identification	
Part Number	82038
Formula Code	8947A
Synonyms	None
Recommended use of the chemica	l and restrictions on use
Recommended Use	Remover & Cleaner, Aerosol
Uses advised against	No information available
Supplier's details Supplier Address ITW PRO BRANDS 805 E. Old 56 Highway Olathe, KS 66061 TEL: 1-800-443-9536	
Emergency telephone number	

Emergency Telephone Number 800-535-5053 Infotrac

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3
Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Compressed gas

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Emergency Overview



Precautionary Statemer Prevention

- Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
- Wear eve/face protection.
- Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
- Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
- Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

General Advice

None

Eyes

• IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

• If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation

- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage

- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- Store locked up.
- Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F
- · Protect from sunlight

Disposal

· Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other information

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	Trade secret
---------------	--------	----------	--------------

WPS-ITW-033 - Dykem Remover and Prep Aerosol

Acetone	67-64-1	30-60	*
Ethanol	64-17-5	10-30	*
Butane	106-97-8	7-13	*
n-Propyl acetate	109-60-4	1-5	*
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1-5	*

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General Advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If symptoms persist, call a physician.	
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.	
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Clothing frozen to the skin should be thawed before being removed.	
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If symptoms persist, call a physician.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink plenty of water. Consult a physician if necessary	
Protection of First-aiders	Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		

Most Important Symptoms/Effects No information available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

Explosion Data	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	

None. Yes.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Pay attention to flashback. Contents under pressure.

Environmental Precautions	
Environmental Precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods and materials for con	tainment and cleaning up
Methods for Containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Take up with sand or other noncombustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal.
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Precautions for safe handling	
Handling	Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only in an area containing flame proof equipment. Do not

against static discharges. Use only in an area containing flame proof equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contents under pressure. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not store above 49°C / 120.2°F.
Incompatible Products	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong reducing agents. Strong alkalis.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm 10% LEL TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m³
Ethanol 64-17-5	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	IDLH: 3300 ppm 10% LEL TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³
Butane 106-97-8	STEL: 1000 ppm	(vacated) TWA: 800 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 800 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³
Propane 74-98-6	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	IDLH: 2100 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m ³
n-Propyl acetate 109-60-4	STEL: 250 ppm TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 840 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 840 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 250 ppm (vacated) STEL: 1050 mg/m ³	IDLH: 1700 ppm TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 840 mg/m ³ STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 1050 mg/m ³

Isopropyl alcohol	STEL: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm	IDLH: 2000 ppm 10% LEL
67-63-0	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 980 mg/m ³	TWA: 980 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 980 mg/m ³	STEL: 500 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 500 ppm	STEL: 1225 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 1225 mg/m ³	

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health. ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH:

Other Exposure Guidelines	Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).
Appropriate engineering controls	
Engineering Measures	Showers Eyewash stations Ventilation systems

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields. Rubber gloves. No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn.
Hygiene Measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Odor	Aerosol Sweet, Solvent	Appearance Odor Threshold	Clear, Colorless No information available
Property pH Melting Point/Range Boiling Point/Boiling Range Flash Point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limits in Air upper flammability limit lower flammability limit lower flammability limit Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient: n-octand Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature	Values No data available No data available 56.11 °C / 133 °F No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available > 1 (air = 1) No data available. Soluble in water. No data available No data available No data available No data available	F None known None known	
Viscosity	Water thin	None known	
Flammable Properties	EXTREMELY FLAM	/MABLE	
Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	No data available No data available		
Other information			
VOC Content (%) VOC (g/l)	100.000002384186 388 g/l		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Temperatures above 49 °C / 120.2 °F. Incompatible products.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong reducing agents. Strong alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	
Inhalation	May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Eye Contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Contact	May cause irritation.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat) 1700mg/kg (rabbit)	
Ethanol	= 7060 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 124.7 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Butane	-	-	658 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Propane	-	-	= 658 mg/L (Rat)4 h
n-Propyl acetate	= 9370 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17760 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Isopropyl alcohol	= 4396 mg/kg (Rat)	12800 mg/kg (Rat) 12870 mg/kg (Rabbit)	72.6 mg/L (Rat)4 h

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

SensitizationNo information aMutagenic EffectsNo information aCarcinogenicityEthanol has beenabused as an alco	vailable. In shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed and
--	--

Chemical Name ACGIH IARC NTP OSHA	
-----------------------------------	--

Ethanol	A3	Group 1	Known	Х
Isopropyl alcohol		Group 3		

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 3: Not Classifiable as to its Carcinogenicity to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

X - Present

Reproductive Toxicity STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure	No information available. No information available. No information available.
Chronic Toxicity	Avoid repeated exposure. Ethanol has been shown to be a reproductive toxin only when
omonic roxicity	consumed as an alcoholic beverage. Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed as alcoholic beverage.
Target Organ Effects	Respiratory system. Eyes. Skin. Central nervous system (CNS).
Aspiration Hazard	No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document:			
LD50 Oral	7251 mg/kg; Acute toxicity estimate		
LD50 Dermal	836601 mg/kg; Acute toxicity estimate		
Inhalation			
gas	1968292 mg/L		
dust/mist 452.8 mg/L; Acute toxicity estimate			
Vapor	3634.7 mg/L; Acute toxicity estimate		
Inhalation gas dust/mist	1968292 mg/L		

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Acetone 67-64-1		LC50 96 h: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 6210 - 8120 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h: 10294 - 17704 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: 12600 - 12700 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Ethanol 64-17-5		LC50 96 h: 12.0 - 16.0 mL/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: > 100 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 13400 - 15100 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 34634 mg/L 30 min EC50 = 35470 mg/L 5 min	LC50 48 h: 9268 - 14221 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 24 h: = 10800 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 2 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna)
n-Propyl acetate 109-60-4		LC50 96 h: 56-64 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 56-64 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas)		EC50 24 h: = 318 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Isopropyl alcohol	EC50 96 h: > 1000 mg/L	LC50 96 h: = 11130 mg/L	EC50 48 h: = 13299 mg/L
67-63-0	(Desmodesmus	static (Pimephales	(Daphnia magna)
	subspicatus) EC50 72 h: >	promelas)	
	1000 mg/L (Desmodesmus	LC50 96 h: = 9640 mg/L	
	subspicatus)	flow-through (Pimephales	
		promelas)	
		LC50 96 h: > 1400000 µg/L	
		(Lepomis macrochirus)	

Persistence and Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

Chemical Name	Log Pow
Acetone	-0.24
Ethanol	-0.32
Butane	2.89
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05

Other Adverse Effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations

Contaminated Packaging

Do not re-use empty containers.

U002

US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone - 67-64-1		Included in waste stream:		U002
		F039		

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Acetone	Ignitable
Ethanol	Toxic
	Ignitable
n-Propyl acetate	Toxic
	Ignitable
Isopropyl alcohol	Toxic
	Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper shipping name Hazard Class Reportable Quantity (RQ) Description Emergency Response Guide Number	Consumer commodity ORM-D Acetone: RQ kg= 4172.79 Consumer commodity, ORM-D 126
<u>TDG</u> UN-Number Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Description	UN1950 Aerosols 2.1 UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1
<u>MEX</u> UN-Number Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	UN1950 Aerosols 2.1

UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1

Page 8/11

Description

ICAO UN-Number Proper shipping name Hazard Class Description	UN1950 Aerosols 2.1 UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1
IATA UN-Number Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class ERG Code Description	UN1950 Aerosols, flammable 2.1 10L UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1
IMDG/IMO UN-Number Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Subsidiary Class EmS No. Description	UN1950 Aerosols 2 See SP63 F-D, S-U UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1 (See SP63)
<u>RID</u> UN-Number Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Classification Code Description	UN1950 Aerosols 2 5F UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1
ADR UN-Number Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Classification Code Tunnel Restriction Code Description ADR/RID-Labels	UN1950 Aerosols 2 5F (D) UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, (D) 2.1
ADN Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Classification Code Special Provisions Description Limited Quantity Ventilation	Aerosols 2 5F 190, 327, 344, 625 UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1 1 L VE01, VE04
	15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories	
TSCA	Complies
DSL	Complies
EINECS	Complies
ENCS	Complies
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1.53	1.0
SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories			
Acute Health Hazard	Yes		
Chronic Health Hazard	No		
Fire Hazard	Yes		
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	Yes		
Reactive Hazard	No		

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	RQ
Acetone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals: Ethyl alcohol is only considered a Proposition 65 developmental hazard when it is ingested as an alcoholic beverage.

Chemical Name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Ethanol	64-17-5	Developmental

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

"X" designates that the ingredients are listed on the state right to know list.

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Acetone	Х	Х	Х		Х
Ethanol	Х	Х	Х		
Butane	Х	Х	Х		Х
Propane	Х	Х	Х		Х
n-Propyl acetate	Х	Х	Х		Х
Isopropyl alcohol	Х	Х	Х		Х

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION				
NFPA	Health Hazard 2	Flammability 4	Instability 0	Physical and Chemical Hazards -
HMIS_	Health Hazard 2	Flammability 4	Physical Hazard 0	Personal Protection X

Prepared By	Product Stewardship
	23 British American Blvd.
	Latham, NY 12110
	1-800-572-6501
Issuing Date	16-May-2014
Revision Date	19-Nov-2014
Revision Note	(M)SDS sections updated: 2, 15, 16.

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. End of Safety Data Sheet